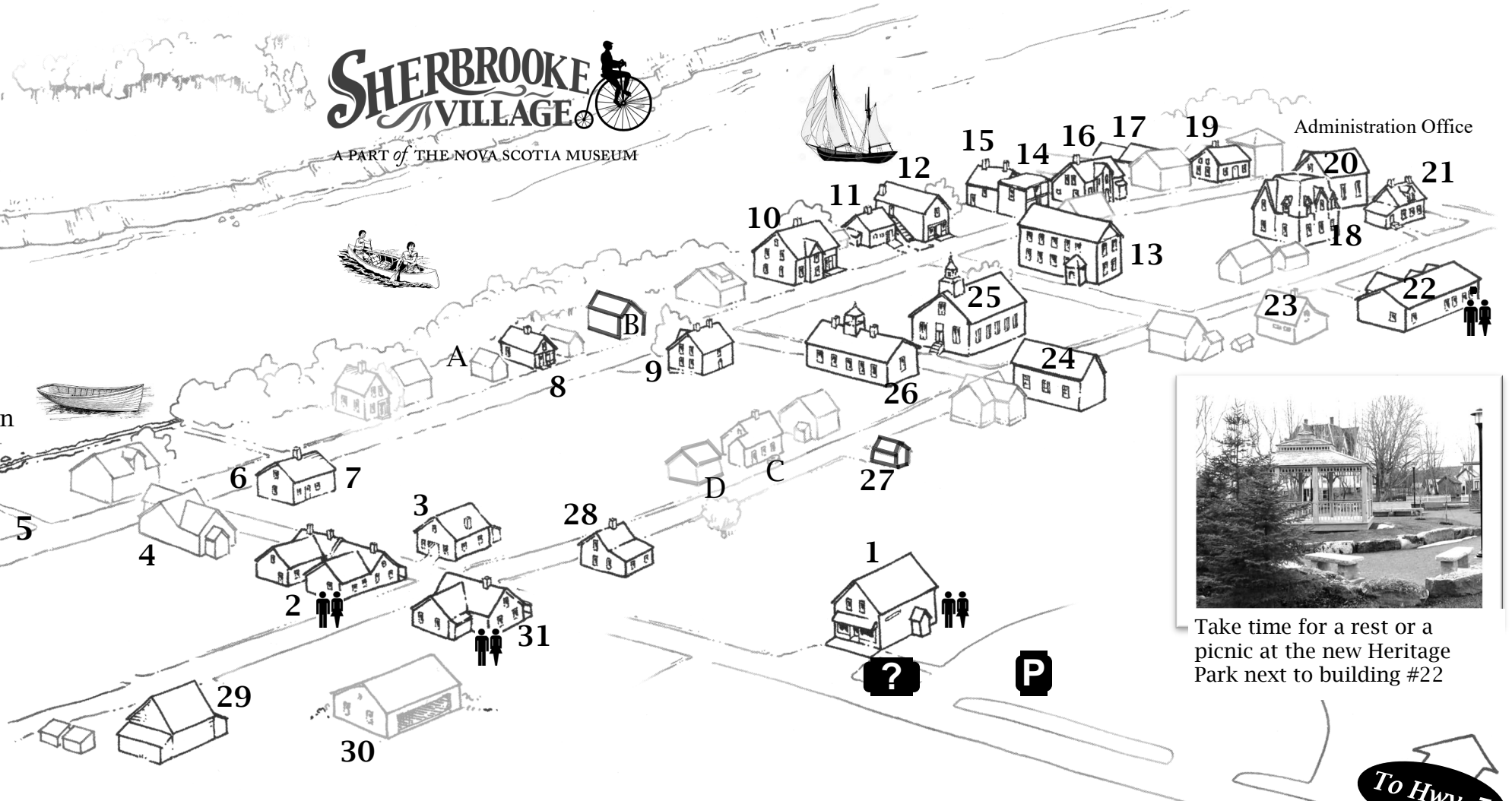


Sherbrooke Village Map

MUSEUM BUILDINGS

1. Visitor Reception Centre/Admissions
2. McDaniel's Tea Room & Restaurant
3. Joe McLane's Blacksmith Shop
4. Hands On History (Program Building)
5. Brigley House (Program Building)
6. Sherbrooke Post Office
7. St. Mary's Printery
8. Sherbrooke Drug Store
9. Sherbrooke Jail
10. Donald McDonald Tailor & Clothier
11. Sherbrooke Village Pottery
12. Boat Shop
13. Masonic Hall and Rhuda Tool Collection
14. Cumminger Brothers' General Store
15. Ambrotype Photography Studio
16. Renova Cottage
17. Woodturner/Chairmaker Shop
18. Greenwood Cottage
19. Telephone Exchange
20. Courthouse
21. Cumminger House
22. Exhibit Centre
23. Coach Barn
24. Temperance Hall
25. St. James Presbyterian Church
26. Schoolhouse
27. Cruickshank Barn
28. McMillan House/Weavers Cottage
29. Jordan Barn
30. Performance Centre Main Stage
31. Village Treasures and Gifts
32. McDonald Brothers' Sawmill
33. Nature Trail and Lumber Camp
34. Royal Oak Stamp Mill

- CENTRE FOR THE ARTS BUILDINGS**
- A. Artist In Residence - Program Building
 - B. Artist In Residence - Program Building
 - C. Eliza Bent House - Program Building
 - D. Cook House - Program Building



Take time for a rest or a picnic at the new Heritage Park next to building #22

MCDONALD BROS. SAWMILL



SHERBROOKE LUMBER CAMP



ROYAL OAK GOLD STAMP MILL



To Hwy. 7

To Buildings 32-34

The McDonald Brothers' Sawmill, Nature Trail, Lumber Camp, and the Royal Oak Gold Stamp Mill are located off site. Please ask an interpreter for more information.

Sherbrooke Village

Mi'kmaq people originally inhabited the area that became Sherbrooke.

The French were the first European visitors, as early as 1655. The settlement was known as Fort Sainte Marie.

By 1815 the settlement which developed at the head of the navigable waters became known as Sherbrooke, in honour of Sir John Coape Sherbrooke, Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia.

The Sherbrooke Village Restoration Area was established in 1969 to conserve a part of Sherbrooke and depict a typical Nova Scotian village in the 19th century.

Sherbrooke Village is administered by the Sherbrooke Restoration Commission under the direction of the Nova Scotia Museum.

Pets must be on a leash and under control of the owner at all times.

1. The **Visitor Reception Centre** is home to our Admissions and Village Information located at the entrance to the restoration area.
2. **McDaniel's Tea Room & Restaurant**, serving meals, refreshments and Victorian Tea, as it did when the McDaniel family operated it from 1860 until 1918.
3. **Joe McLane's Blacksmith Shop** has operated since the 1870s by Joe McLane. Today the blacksmith produces ironwork for the restoration and for sale.
4. **Hands On History (program building) Open by registration Only**
5. **Brigley House (program building) Open by registration Only**
6. The **Post Office** dates from the 1850s.
7. **St. Mary's Printery** uses hand presses to produce printed materials for the Village and custom orders.
8. The **Sherbrooke Drug Store** recreates a pharmacy much like the one which was in Sherbrooke in the late 1890s. Most items in the collection were donated by the Nova Scotia Pharmaceutical Society.
9. The **Sherbrooke Jail**, built in 1862, was used for 100 years to house the jailer and his family as well as legal offenders. There are cells upstairs and down, as well as a typical parlour, kitchen, and bedroom.

10. The **Tailor Shop** has been restored to circa 1900. It was built by Donald McDonald, tailor and clothier.
11. The **Sherbrooke Village Pottery** reproduces 19th century and modern Nova Scotia earthenware.
12. The **Boat Shop** overlooks the former site of an original shipyard.
13. The **Masonic Hall**, on the second floor, is the home of Queen's Lodge. The main floor displays the Rhuda Tool Collection.
14. The **Cummings Brothers' General Store** has been restored as a typical store of the 1870s, when it was operated by John and Samuel Cumming, members of a prominent family in our history.
15. The **Ambrotype Photography Studio** is a one-of-a-kind in Canada. It's an operating studio where you can learn about 19th century photography techniques and have your portrait taken in costume.
16. **Renova Cottage**, built about 1850, belonged to S.M. Cumming in 1871, and later to Dr. Densmore, M.D., who practiced here in Sherbrooke until 1919.
17. The **Chairmaker/Woodturner Shop** is a working example of a chairmakers shop in the late 1800's.
18. **Greenwood Cottage** was built by John and Sarah Cumming in 1871. The style reflects their social position and means.
19. The **Telephone Exchange** is headquarters for the turn-of-the-century telephone system used within the Village.
20. The **Courthouse**, built in 1858, was used until 2000. It is a fine example of a wooden building in the classical style.
21. **Cumming House**, owned by Henry Cumming in 1840, is the oldest building on site and is restored as a modest residence featuring domestic chores.
22. The **Exhibit Centre** houses a variety of exhibits, community events & public washrooms
23. The **Coach Barn**, built by Thomas Sears in 1901, housed his horses, mail coaches, express wagons and also freight. Sears operated the Sherbrooke-to-Antigonish mail service from 1892 to 1931.
24. The **Temperance Hall** was built in 1892. Following the decline of the Temperance movement, the building was used as an elementary school from 1905 to 1953, after which it became the Legion Hall and is still used by the Canadian Legion for meetings. It's interesting to note that this is one of the few "dry" legions in Canada.
25. **St. James Presbyterian Church** was constructed in 1854-55.
26. The **Schoolhouse** was built in 1867 using plans issued in a report by the provincial Superintendent of Education. One room has been restored to represent the period.
27. The **Cruickshank Barn and Pasture** is home to farm animals.
28. **McMillan House/Weaver's Cottage**, pre-1870 has been restored as a typical residence of the period and highlights weaving.
29. The **Jordan Barn** is one of the few buildings not on its original site. It was moved here to house livestock. Down river from the barn is the site of the French settlement of Fort Sainte Marie (c.1655).
30. **Main Stage, Performance Centre.**
31. **The Village Treasures & Gift Shop** is a traditional and contemporary gift shop offering Village made arts and crafts.
32. The **McDonald Brothers' Sawmill** stands where sawmills have stood since 1862. It is a fully operational reconstruction of a water-powered, up-and-down sawmill.
33. Explore our **Nature Trail** walk along the mill race to the **Lumber Camp**, just a few minutes walk from the sawmill.
34. The **Royal Oak Gold Stamp Mill** houses a five-stamp mill that was discovered near Lake Charlotte in Halifax County. A similar one operated nearby in the community of Goldenville.

42 Main St., P.O. Box 295
Sherbrooke, Nova Scotia
Canada B0J 3C0

**NOVA SCOTIA**

SHERBROOKE
VILLAGE 

A PART of THE NOVA SCOTIA MUSEUM



2024 SEASON OPENS JUNE 5
Wednesday to Sunday 9:30 to 5PM
Closed Mondays & Tuesdays

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